

**Asset Practice Answers: English**

1. Which word can be added to hand to make a new word meaning good-looking '?

A. back

B. chair

C. shine

**D. some**

2. The letters in ' steam ' can be rearranged to make which word meaning ' friends?

A. meats

**B. mates**

C. stame

D. astem

3. The opposite of the word ' dear ' is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. expensive

**B. cheap**

C. darling

D. sweet

4. Which word can join the word 'first' to make a new word?

A. wood

**B. aid**

C. card

D. clean

5. Choose the CORRECT word to complete the sentence given below. There were large \_\_\_\_\_\_\_of different colours of rangoli powder in the market, during Diwali.

A. cakes

B. tufts

**C. heaps**

D. bunches

6. What does the underlined word 'they' mean in the paragraph below?

In the morning dewdrops hung from the leaves and petals of flowers. The lawns were wet. The birds spread the dewdrops as they flew by.

A. dewdrops

B. petals

**C. birds**

D. leaves

7. Which of these sentences is correctly punctuated?

A. Shes' cleaning the girl's uniforms now shall I give her mine tomorrow?

B. She's cleaning the girl's uniform's now, shall I give her mine tomorrow?

**C. She's cleaning the girls' uniforms now. Shall I give her mine tomorrow?**

D. Shes cleaning the girls uniforms. Now shall I give her mine tomorrow?

8. Rearrange the letters in ' BADER ' to make the name of an eatable.

A. bared

**B. beard**

C. bread

D. berad

9. What can be added AFTER '' book '' to make a NEW and CORRECT word?

A. pen

B. word

**C. shelf**

D. sheet

10. How should the sentence below BEST be combined to form one sentence? ''Leena made some

biscuits. Mira made nothing.''

A. Leena made Mira some biscuits.

B. Leena and Mira made some biscuits.

**C. Leena made biscuits but Mira made nothing.**

D. Leena and Mira made biscuits out of nothing.

11. Choose the word that can complete the sentence below:

My mother mixes milk, sugar and cream to make ice-cream. She then freezes it in the fridge. The

weather today is so hot, that the ice-cream \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as soon as she takes it out from the fridge.

A. heats

B. cools

**C. melts**

D. hardens

12. Which of these words combines with 'rain' to form a new word?

A. after

B. bow

C. slide

**D. day**



1. D: The word “some” can be added to “hand “to get the word “handsome ". The question clearly tells us what the

meaning of the new word should be and the word " handsome " means " good-looking " or " attractive ". Option C is NOT

the correct answer as the word " shine " cannot combine with " hand " to form a new and meaningful word. There is no

word like 'handshine ' at all in English.

2. B: The five letters of the word “steam “can be rearranged in such a way that we get the word “mates ". Since the

question asks us to look for a word with the same meaning as " friends ", only " mates " is a possible answer. Although

the letters of the word " steam " can be rearranged to get a meaningful word, " meats ", it cannot be the correct answer

because its meaning is not the SAME as " friends ".

3. B: The word “dear” is used with a person to mean that the person is “liked very much ". However, in a different sense,

" dear " can also mean " very costly ". e.g.: The dress Juliet bought is very dear. So, the opposite of " dear " if used in this

sense is " cheap ". Option B is NOT the answer as " darling " means more or less the same as " dear ". The word,

" darling " is used to show our love to someone who is " loved very much ".

4. B: The words, " first " and " aid " can combine to form a new word " first aid ", which talks about the basic medical

treatment given to someone as soon as they have been hurt in an accident or have suddenly become ill. Option D is

clearly NOT the correct answer as the word " first " cannot combine with " clean " to make a new and meaningful word.

5. C: Lots of rangoli powder is piled up and sold in the market during Diwali. These powders are kept in the shape of hillocks or domes, called, “heaps ". Since we cannot count powder, we use “heaps “to count the amount of powder. Option D is NOT

the correct answer as the word " bunches " is used to refer to things of the same type tied together. We can use the word

" bunches " with keys, flowers and other such things which are countable.

6. C: The word “they " clearly refer to the birds. It can be easily understood that in this paragraph, “they flew by" refers to

the birds as the birds are the only thing that can fly. Option A is NOT the correct answer as the “they “in the sentence,

"The birds spread the dewdrops as they flew by", is not connected to the dewdrops. This is clear also because “the

dewdrops " are not something which can fly.

7. C: "She's cleaning the girls' uniforms now." is a sentence while the second part, "Shall I give her mine tomorrow?" is a

question. The two sentences need to be separated by a full stop. "She's" is the short form of "She is" and therefore needs

an apostrophe. When we are speaking of something belonging to someone, we use the apostrophe before the "s", e.g.:

"the girl's uniform". However, if we talk of things owned by more than one person, we use the apostrophe after the "s"

(girls' uniforms). So, Option C is correct. Option B is NOT the correct answer as the statement and question are

separated only by a comma. In addition, "uniforms" is the plural of "uniform" and does not need an apostrophe.

8. C: The word " bread ", as we know, refers to a food item which is made from flour, water and usually yeast, mixed together and baked. The letters in "BADER” can be rearranged to form the word” bread " which is the name of an eatable. Option A is NOT the correct answer. Even though we can get the word " bared " by rearranging the letters in "BADER", it is not the name of an eatable.

9. C: The word “shelf” can be added after “book “to form the new and meaningful word, “bookshelf ". Option A is NOT the

correct answer as the word " pen " added after " book " to form " bookpen " is not a correct word. The two words, “pen”

and " book " refer to things which are often used together but cannot combine in any way to form a single word.

10. C: The two given sentences clearly tell us that Leena made biscuits, whereas Mira made nothing. The best way to

combine these two sentences is by introducing the word " but " to differentiate what Leena and Mira did. Option B is NOT

the correct answer. In the second sentence "Mira made nothing.", it is clearly stated that Mira did not make anything. So,

it would be wrong to say that both (Leena and Mira) made some biscuits.

11. C: The word “melts “means " turns from something solid into something soft or liquid ". So in the given sentence, we have to use the word “melts “to mean that the ice-cream turns into liquid once it is taken out from the fridge and thus, complete the sentence giving it the correct meaning. Option B is NOT the correct answer as the word “cools “does not complete the

given sentence correctly. A thing kept in the fridge is already cool and so it cannot become “cool " once it is taken out of the fridge. Anything taken out of a fridge will only become warm, never cooler.

12. B: The word " bow " can combine with " rain " to form a new word, " rainbow ". The word, “rainbow ", as we know is an arch

of different colours seen in the sky when it rains while the sun is shining. Option D is NOT the correct answer as we cannot combine the word “day “with” rain “to get a meaningful word.